



# FABRIC Research Infrastructure

## Status, Features, Uses Cases

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ESnet  
ENERGY SCIENCES NETWORK

CLEMSON  
UNIVERSITY



UNIVERSITY OF  
ILLINOIS  
URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

# What is FABRIC?

**FABRIC enables a completely *new paradigm for distributed applications and Internet protocols and services:***

- A **nation-wide programmable network** testbed with **significant compute and storage at each node**, allowing users to run computationally intensive programs and applications and protocols to maintain a lot of information **in the network**.
- Provides **GPUs, FPGAs, and network processors (NICs)** inside the network.
- Supports **quality of service (QoS)** using dedicated optical 100G links or dedicated capacity
- **Interconnects national facilities:** HPC centers, cloud & wireless testbeds, commercial clouds, the Internet, and edge nodes at universities and labs.
- Allows you to design and test **applications, protocols and services that run at any node in the network**, not just the edge or cloud.



# Why FABRIC?

- The mantra of the last 20 years – ‘Internet is showing its age.’
  - Applications designed around discrete points in the solution space
  - Inability to program the core of the network
- What changed?
  - Cheap compute/storage that can be put directly in the network
  - Multiple established methods of programmability (OpenFlow, P4, eBPF, DPDK, BGP flowspec)
  - Advances in Machine Learning/AI
  - Emergence of 5G, IoT, various flavors of cloud technologies
- Opportunity for the community to push the boundaries of distributed, stateful, ‘everywhere’ programmable infrastructure
  - More control or dataplane state, or some combination? Multiple architectures (co)exist in this space.
  - Network as a big-data instrument? Autonomous network control?
  - New protocols and applications that program the network?
  - Security as an integral component



FABRIC Edge



UMass Amherst

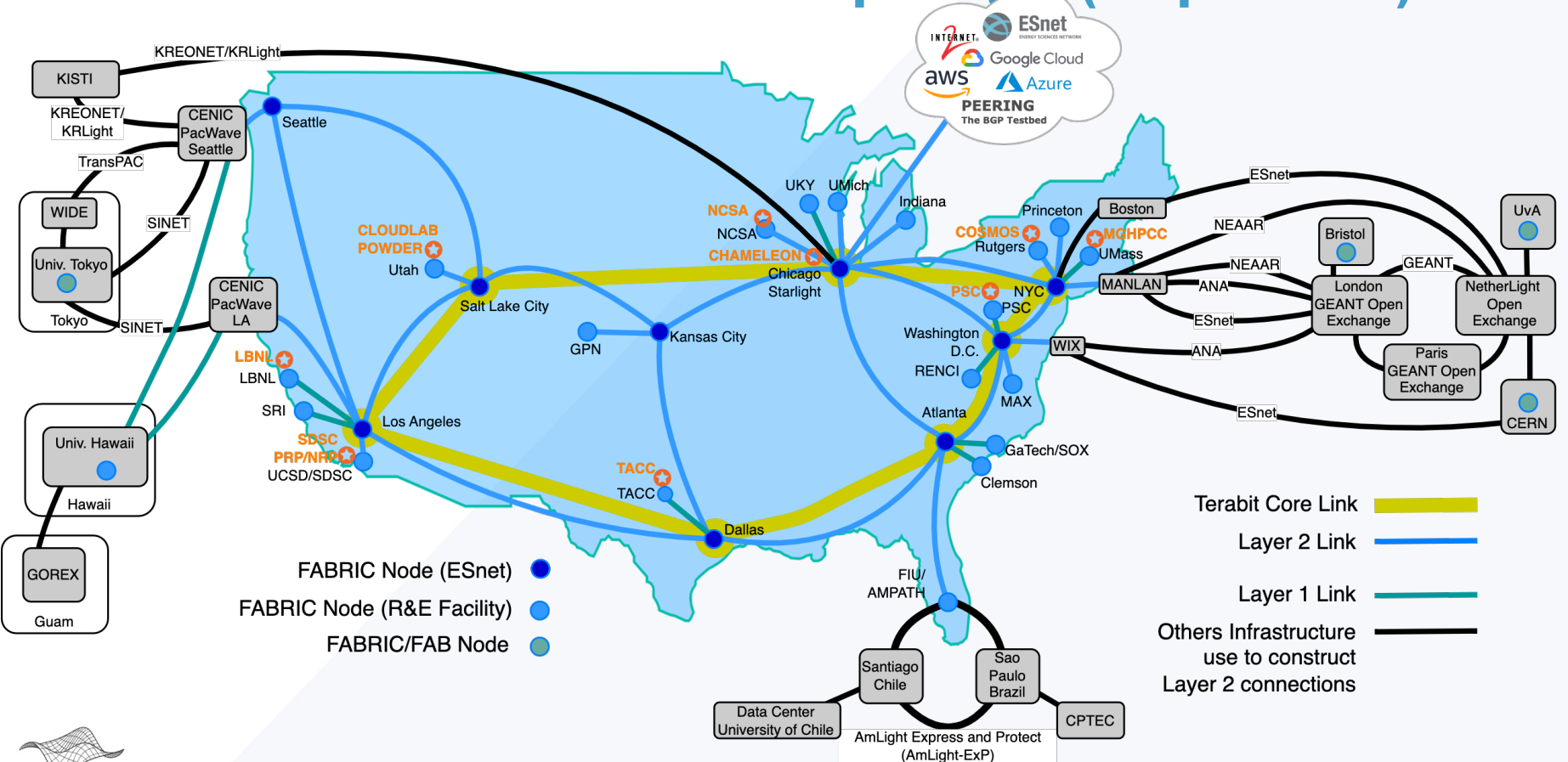


RUTGERS



PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

# FABRIC - Production Topology (Sept 2023)



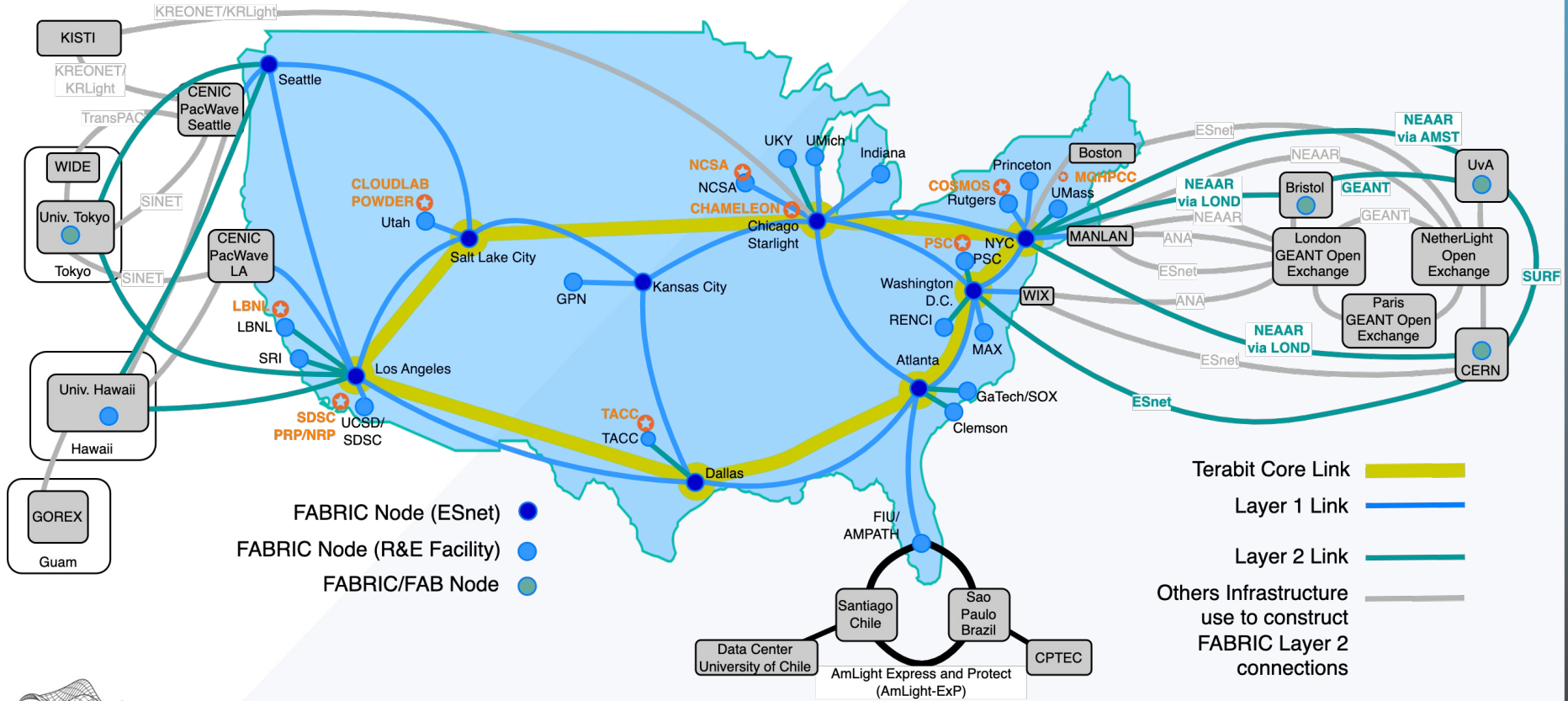
- FABRIC Node (ESnet) ●
- FABRIC Node (R&E Facility) ●
- FABRIC/FAB Node ●

- Terabit Core Link —
- Layer 2 Link —
- Layer 1 Link —
- Others Infrastructure use to construct Layer 2 connections —



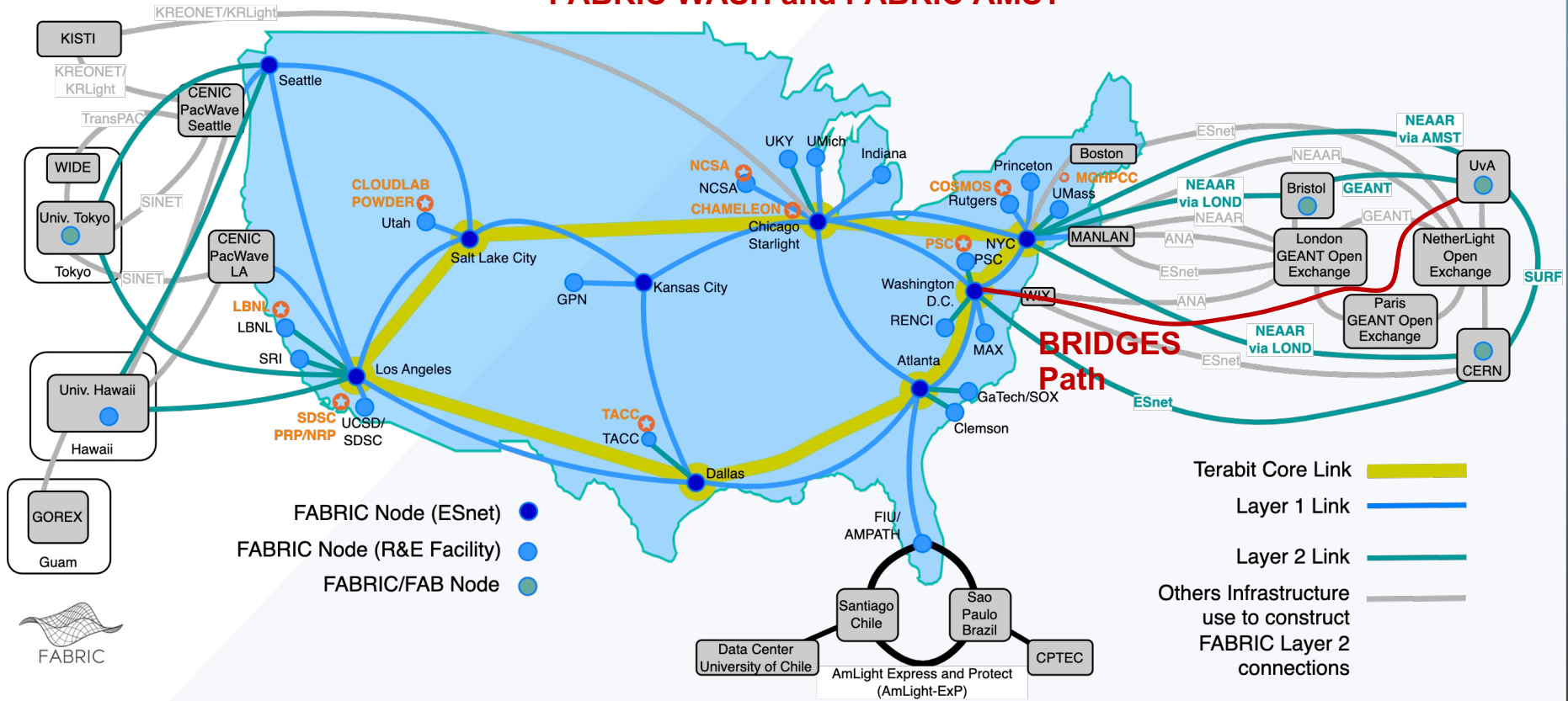


# FABRIC - Production Topology (Sept 2023)



# FABRIC - Production Topology (Sept 2023)

**Working with BRIDGES on a connection between FABRIC WASH and FABRIC AMST**





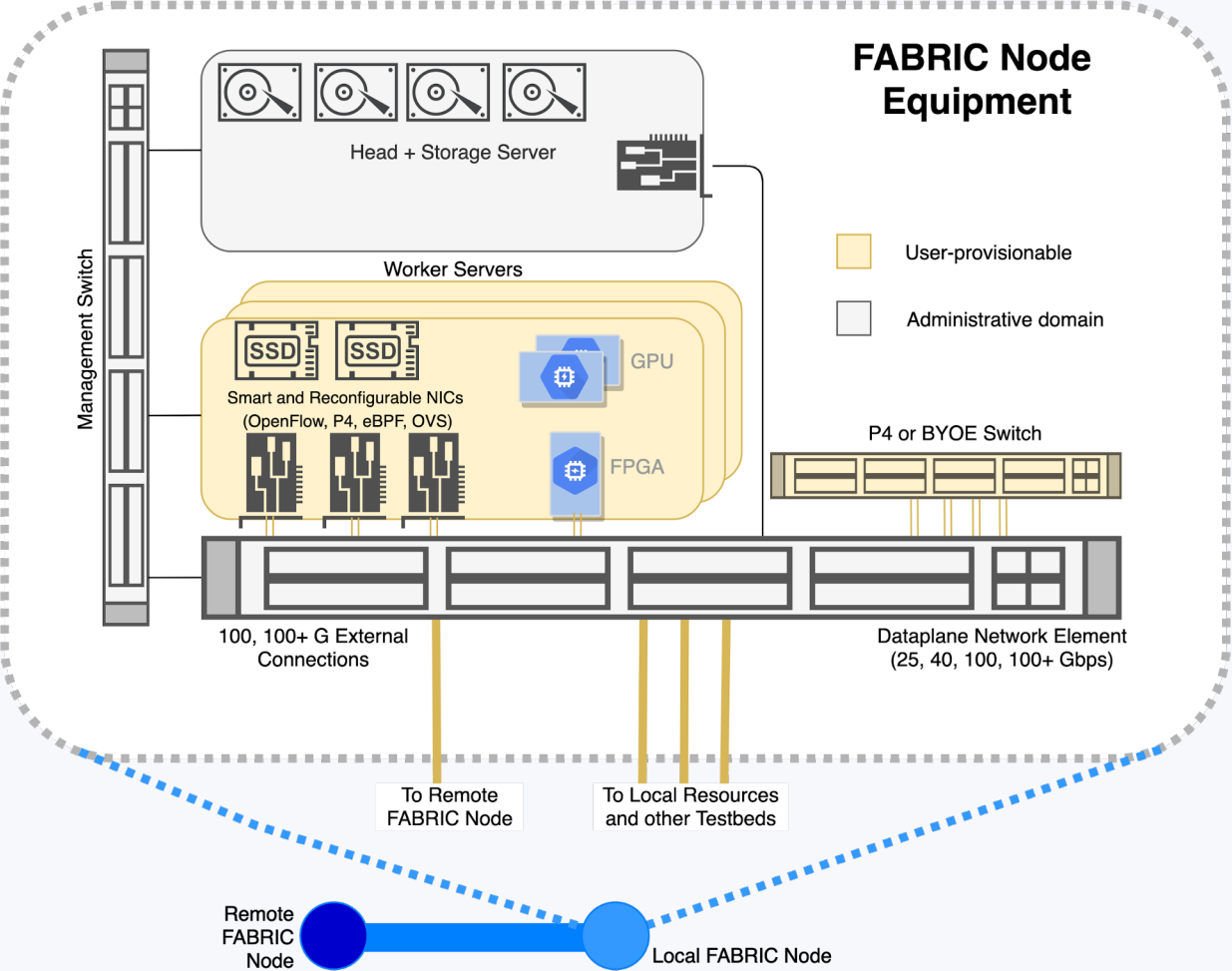
# Overview

- 33 FABRIC Nodes
- 9 nodes co-located at ESnet6 Points of Presence
  - Connected via dedicated 100 Gbps DWDM across the ESnet6 openline optical system; some sites to be upgraded to Terabit SuperCore soon
- 20 other nodes distributed across the R&E community at various regional networks, major cyberinfrastructure facilities, and university hosting sites
  - many connected via 100 Gbps Layer 1
  - 4 Nodes deployed at International Locations (CERN, University of Amsterdam, University of Bristol, University of Tokyo)

# FABRIC Nodes - Network, Compute, Storage

- Interpose compute and storage into the path of fast packet flows
- Rack of high-performance servers (Dell 7525) with:
  - 2x32-core AMD Rome and Milan with 512G RAM
  - GPUs (NVIDIA RTX 6000, T4, A30), FPGA network/compute accelerators
  - Storage - experimenter provisionable 1TB NVMe drives in servers and a pool of ~250TB rotating storage at each site.
  - Network ports connect to a 100G+ switch, programmable through control software
  - Tofino-based P4 switches (4 or more sites)
- Reconfigurable Network Interface Cards
  - FPGAs (U280 XILINX with P4 support)
  - Mellanox ConnectX-5 and ConnectX-6 with hardware off-load
  - Multiple interface speeds (25G, 100G, 200G+(future))
- Kernel Bypass/Hardware Offload
  - VMs sized to support full-rate DPDK for access to Programmable NICs, FPGA, and GPU resources via PCI pass-through

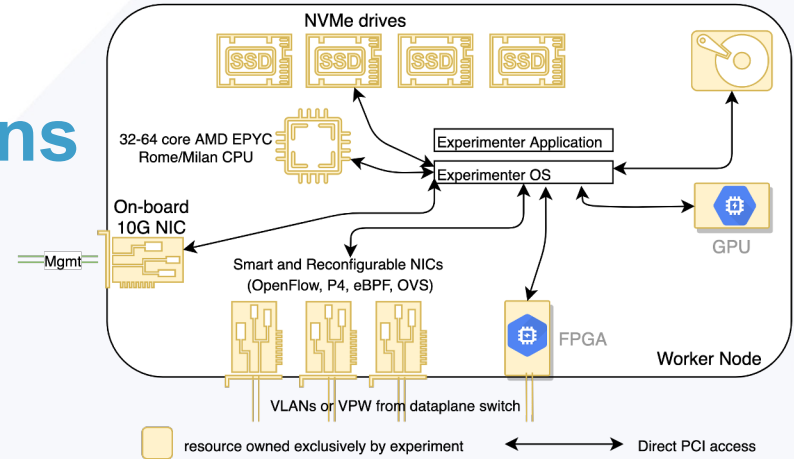
# FABRIC Node 'Hank' Overview



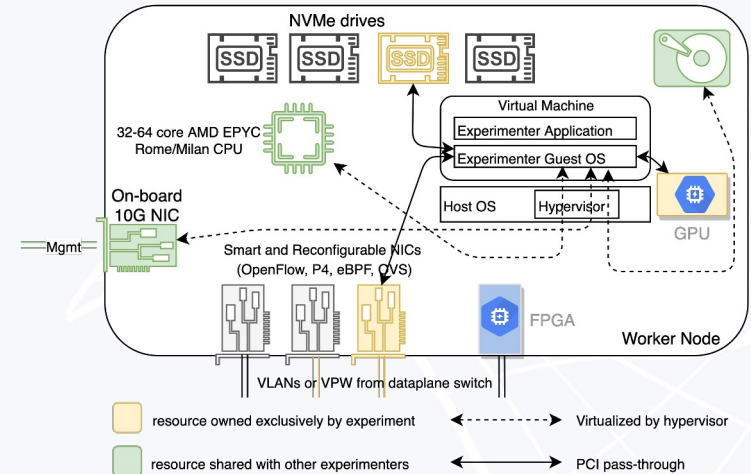
# Node Level Programmability Abstractions

- Main capabilities are various PCI cards in individual servers
  - NICs, GPUs, FPGAs
- Additional switches and BYOE hardware
- Depending on experimenter request can be provided as part of a bare metal server or via PCI pass-through for VMs and containers

FABRIC experiment using a bare-metal server



FABRIC experiment using a virtual machine

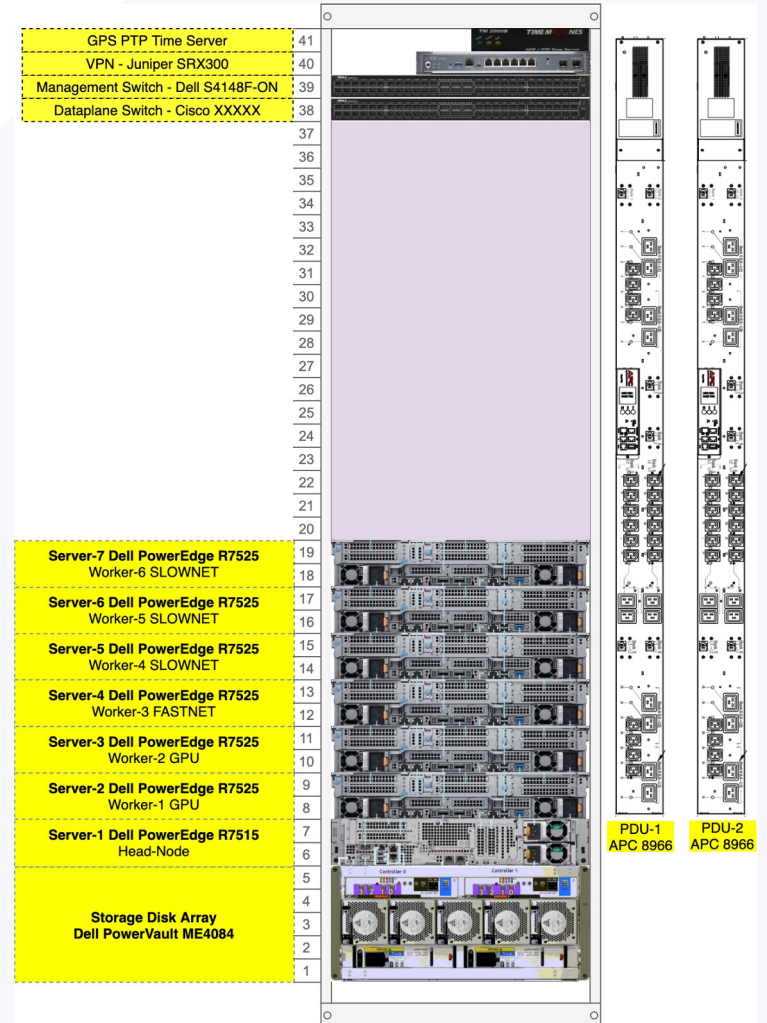


# FABRIC Network Services

- A rich set of L2, L3 and specialized services to aid the experimenters
- L2 services provide Ethernet service between experimenter topology interfaces
  - **L2Bridge** - local to individual site
  - **L2STS** - two sites, any number of interfaces
  - **L2PTP** - two sites, two interfaces, QoS guarantees
- L3 services provide IPv4 and IPv6 services with an option to connect to the outside world
  - **FABNetv4** - FABRIC-routed IPv4 service, using RFC1918 addresses
  - **FABNetv6** - FABRIC-routed IPv6 services using FABRIC's IPv6 allocation
  - Both have externally-connectable counterparts (IPv4 variant uses FABRIC's limited IPv4 allocation)
- Specialized services
  - **Port mirroring** - currently mirrors a specific physical port in the topology

# FABRIC Rack Configuration

This is an example FABRIC Rack Configuration. There are multiple configurations which vary the number and type of compute and storage elements.







# FABRIC Node Design: Measurement Hardware

- GPS-disciplined clock source with PTP at most sites
  - Subject to constraints of the hosting site
- NICs capable of accurate packet sampling/timestamping
- Programmable port mirroring
- Smart PDUs to measure power
- Optical layer measurements (where available)
- CPU, memory, disk, port/interface utilization and other time-series (software)

# FABRIC features

- **Facility Ports** - ability to add external facilities to slices using on-demand L2 connections
- **Mirror Ports** - ability to mirror traffic from the dataplane switch into slice
- Support for **on-demand public connectivity**
  - Slices with L3 IPv4 or IPv6 can connect on-demand with public internet
  - This is in testing
- **L3VPN service + CloudConnect**
- **Persistent storage** for slices - get storage allocation at multiple sites for your project
- **In-slice measurement framework** - instrumentize your slice to get data about its performance
- Support for P4 Tofino switches in topologies (future)
- Support for P4 workflows on top of U280 FPGAs (in collaborations with OCT/NorthEastern and ESnet) (future)
- Inter-testbed federation features, more Facility Ports

# FABRIC External Connections Overview

- FABRIC experiments (slices) can run in an isolated manner within FABRIC Infrastructure, and isolated from external networks.
- Slices can also utilize FABRIC's external connections to access a variety of external experimental and production resources.
- These external connections are organized as follows:
  - Layer 3 IPv4 and IPv6 public connectivity on demand (with policy restrictions) via peering points provided by ESnet and Internet2
  - Layer 2 Services Peering (aka Facility ports)
  - Public Cloud Connections via CloudConnect
- Status:
  - Facility ports to
    - Chameleon Chicago and TACC **operational**
    - CloudLab and Powder at Utah **operational**
    - Cryo-EM facility at Rutgers - **operational**
    - CloudLab Clemson and Wisconsin - being configured
    - ASU/Sun Corridor Network - being configured

# What Are External Resources for FABRIC?

## ● Network and Cloud Resources with External Providers

### ○ Cloud Resources

- Public Cloud: AWS, GCP, Azure etc.
- NSF Cloud like Chameleon, CloudLab

### ○ External Networks w/ Dynamic Services

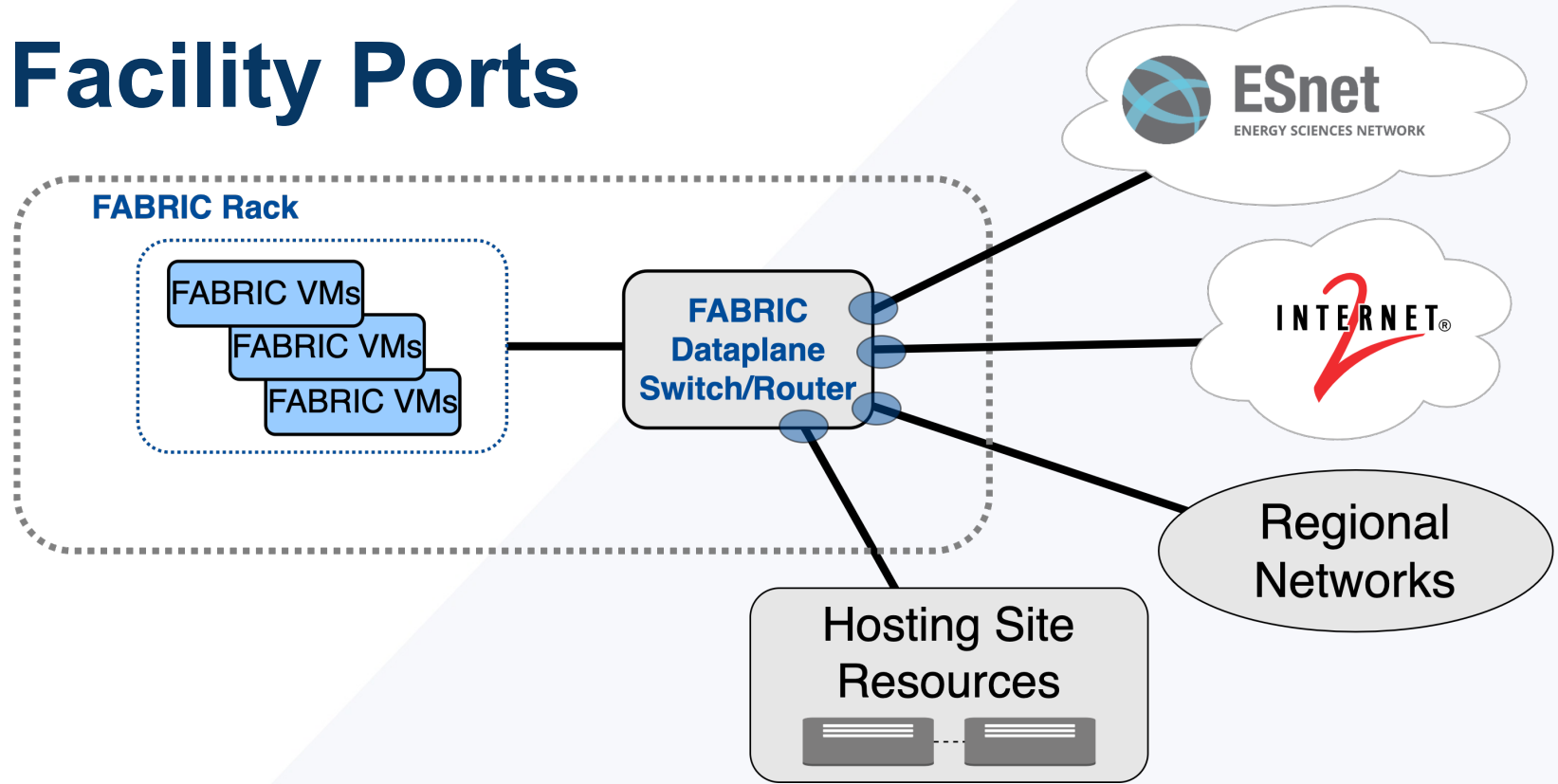
- Internet2 AL2S
- ESnet OSCARS
- Regional Networks

### ○ Other Infrastructures and Testbeds

- National Research Platform (NRP)
- Wireless Testbeds (POWDER, COSMOS, PAWR)
- FABRIC provides Tools and/or Procedures to integrate the external resources into experimenter slices



# Facility Ports

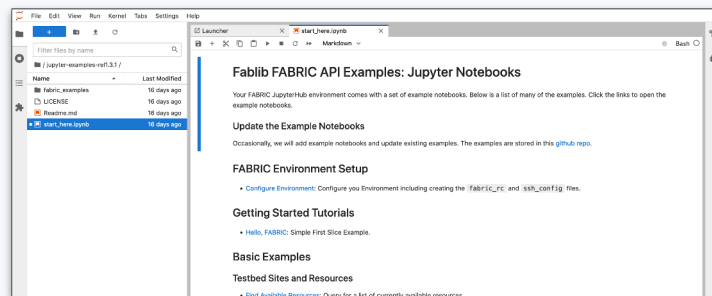


## Slice Access to External Resources



# Interacting with FABRIC

- FABRIC has three ways to interact with it:
  - Portal - focus on creating small topologies
  - Jupyter Hub notebooks via API - don't just create topologies - run experiments
  - API libraries from your laptop/desktop
- We recommend the notebooks as a starting point
- Everything continues to be in active development
  - We keep adding infrastructure
  - We keep improving all of the software
- Infrastructure is updated as it becomes available
  - Generally non-disruptive
- Software updates are on a 3-4 month cadence between releases
  - Backward compatibility is not always assured, but we try



# Interacting with FABRIC

- REST-based APIs and a Python library (FABlib) on top to make your experiments easier to run
- FABRIC does not use SSL certificates - instead it uses short-lived API tokens (1hr) that can be refreshed
  - There is a *Credential Manager* service (API and UI front end) to help do that - it requires you to login using your institutional credentials to generate a token
  - Jupyter Notebooks do this automatically - get a new token and refresh as needed
- There is an equivalent of 'RSpec' for topology descriptions based on property graph abstraction, serializable to GraphML and JSON.
  - You can save your topology description
  - Not meant to be human editable - manipulate it using API or Portal
  - Portal does not yet allow you to download topology description, this feature is coming.
  - Topology != Experiment
- Our goal is to make Jupyter Notebooks your reproducible and shareable experiment profile
  - Build a topology (even across multiple testbeds!)
  - Configure it
  - Run the experiment
  - Annotate
  - Display plots and graphs
  - Share and let others reproduce your results
  - All from the comfort of your browser!

# FABRIC UI

- FABRIC Portal, Jupyter Hub, User Knowledge base all operational
- Integrated with CI Logon for federated identity
- Accessible and used by early experimenters

## FABRIC Jupyter Hub

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with a code editor on the left and a notebook content area on the right. The notebook content includes sections for 'Fabric Tokens' and 'Get new Fabric Identity Token and update Fabric Refresh Token'. The 'Fabric Tokens' section lists requirements for tokens, such as being required for certain management Framework APIs and having a specific expiration date. The 'Get new Fabric Identity Token and update Fabric Refresh Token' section provides instructions on how to use the Orchestrator API to generate new tokens and update refresh tokens.

## FABRIC Knowledge Base with User Forums

The screenshot shows the FABRIC Knowledge Base website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Topics', 'FABRIC Website', 'Portal', 'FAQ', and 'Forum'. Below the navigation bar is a search bar with the text 'Search the FABRIC knowledge base.' The main content area is titled 'FABRIC Announcements' and features a table of recent announcements. The table has columns for 'Topic', 'Views', 'Posts', and 'Last Post'. The first row of the table shows an announcement about 'FABRIC Announcements' with 1 view and 1 post, last posted 1 hour ago.

## FABRIC Portal Home Page

The screenshot shows the FABRIC Portal Home Page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Home', 'Resources', 'Projects', 'Experiments', 'Links', and 'User Profile'. Below the navigation bar is a search bar. The main content area is titled 'FABRIC Portal' and features a map of the United States with various cities marked. The map shows a network of connections between cities, with a highlighted path from Seattle to Salt Lake City. To the right of the map is a 'Facility Status' section with a table of facility information. The table has columns for 'Name', 'Status', and 'Last Update'. The first row of the table shows the 'FABRIC Knowledge Base' with a status of 'Operational' and a last update of '2022-02-28'.

## FABRIC Portal Experiments page

The screenshot shows the FABRIC Portal Experiments page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Home', 'Resources', 'Projects', 'Experiments', 'Links', and 'User Profile'. Below the navigation bar is a search bar. The main content area is titled 'Experiments' and features a table of experiment information. The table has columns for 'Name', 'Status', and 'Last Update'. The first row of the table shows an experiment with the name 'FABRIC Knowledge Base' and a status of 'Operational'. Below the table is a 'Disruptive Maintenance Notice' section with a red background and white text, stating that the FABRIC Portal is undergoing a disruptive maintenance period.

## FABRIC Portal Slice Viewer/Builder

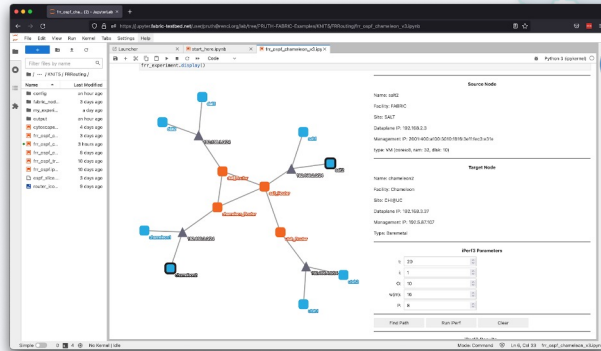
The screenshot shows the FABRIC Portal Slice Viewer/Builder interface. The main area is a network diagram showing various components connected together. The components include 'VM', 'Network Services', 'Network Storage', and 'Network Compute'. The diagram shows a complex network topology with multiple connections between these components. On the right side of the interface is a 'Details' panel with a table of information. The table has columns for 'Name', 'Creation Date', 'Expiration Date', 'Core (1-32)', 'RAM (1-512 GB)', 'Disk (1-100 GB)', and '50 GB'. The first row of the table shows a slice with the name 'FABRIC Knowledge Base' and a creation date of '2022-02-28'. Below the details panel is a 'Generate SSH Key Pair' section with a form for entering a name and description, and a 'Generate Key Pair' button.

## SSH Keys

The screenshot shows the SSH Keys generation form. At the top, there is a 'Please consult this guide to login to your VMs via bastion hosts.' section. Below this is a 'Bastion login:' field with a dropdown menu showing 'bldn:000243988'. The main form has a 'Name' field, a 'Description' field, and a 'Key Type' dropdown menu. Below the form is a 'Generate Key Pair' button. At the bottom of the form is a 'Generate Key Pair' button.

# Early Experiments

- Users: ~300
- Projects: 40 (36 research, 4 education)
- Project topics:
  - P4/SDN
  - Honeypots
  - Named Data Networking (NDN)
  - ServiceX
  - BGP Peering
  - Datacenter protocols
  - Scalable Genome Analysis
  - Fast data transfers
  - Internet Privacy

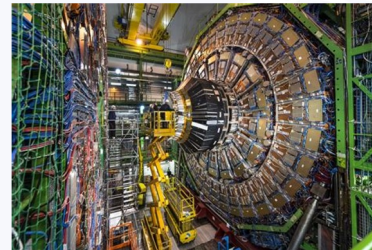
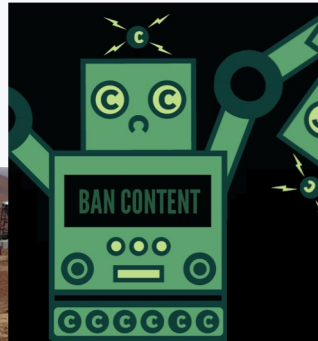


# Additional Science Use Cases & Partners

- Astronomy (Vera Rubin Observatory/LSST, Chile)
- Cosmology (CMB-S4)
- Weather (UMiami & CPTEC, Brazil) - Ben Kirtman, Atmospheric Science & Paolo Nobre
- High-Energy Physics (CERN) - Rob Gardner, **FAB Co-PI**, Physicist
- Urban Sensing/IoT/AI at Edge (UBristol) - Dimitra Simeonidou, Prof. of Networking
- 5G across borders, P4/SDN - (UTokyo) Aki Nakao, Prof. of CS; KISTI (Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information)

5G! PAGODA

CMB-S4  
Next Generation CMB Experiment



BRISTOL IS OPEN  
open programmable city region



# Thank You!

Questions?

Visit <https://whatisfabric.net>

Ask [info@fabric-testbed.net](mailto:info@fabric-testbed.net)

FABRIC Software: <https://github.com/fabric-testbed>

Beta Tester request form: <https://whatisfabric.net/get-involved/beta-testers-request>



This work is funded by NSF grants CNS-1935966, CNS-2029261, CNS-2029235, CNS-2029200, CNS-2029261, CNS-2029260

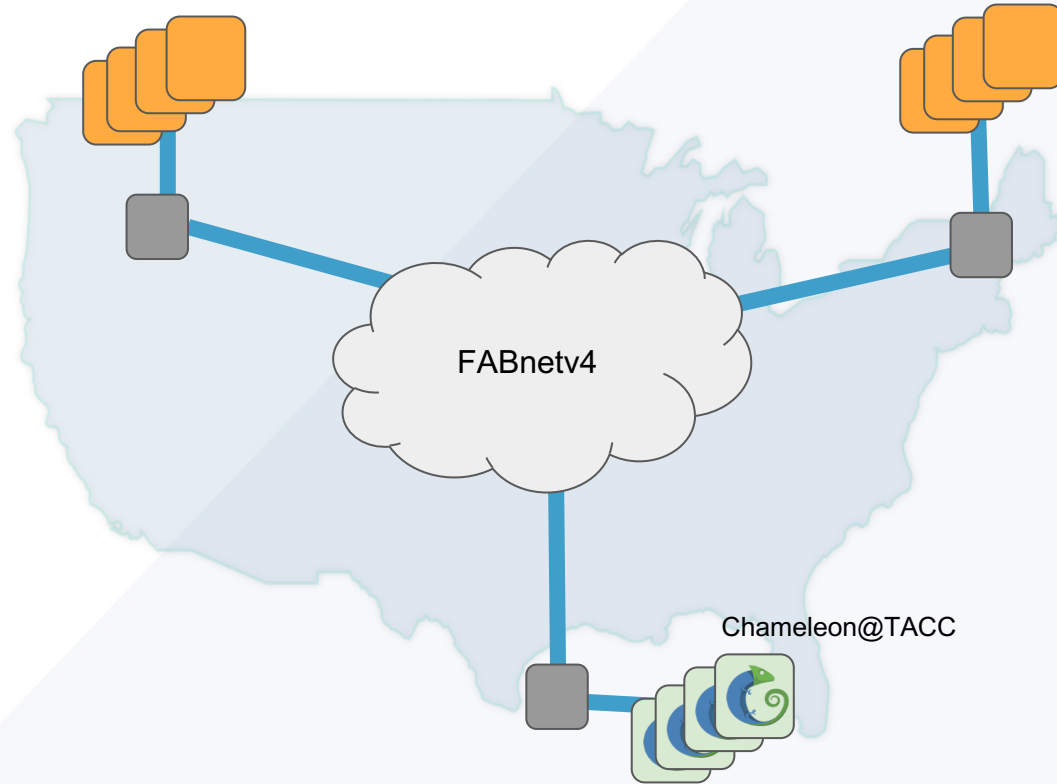




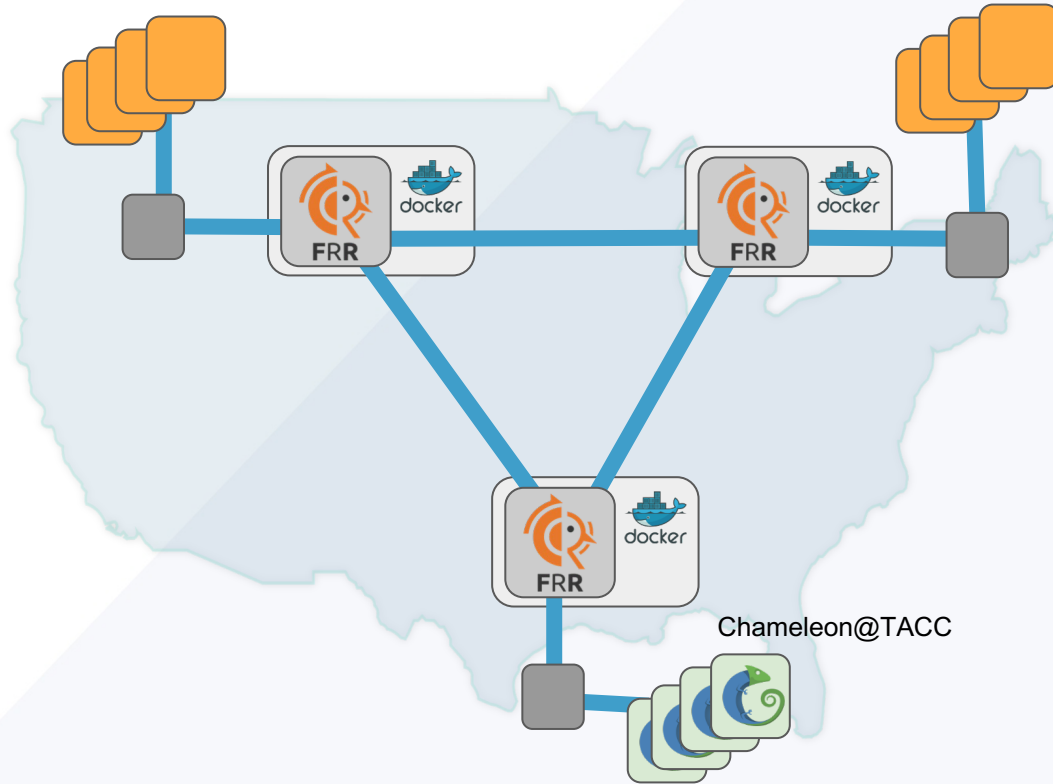
# Extra Slides



# FABRIC Experiments - Chameleon

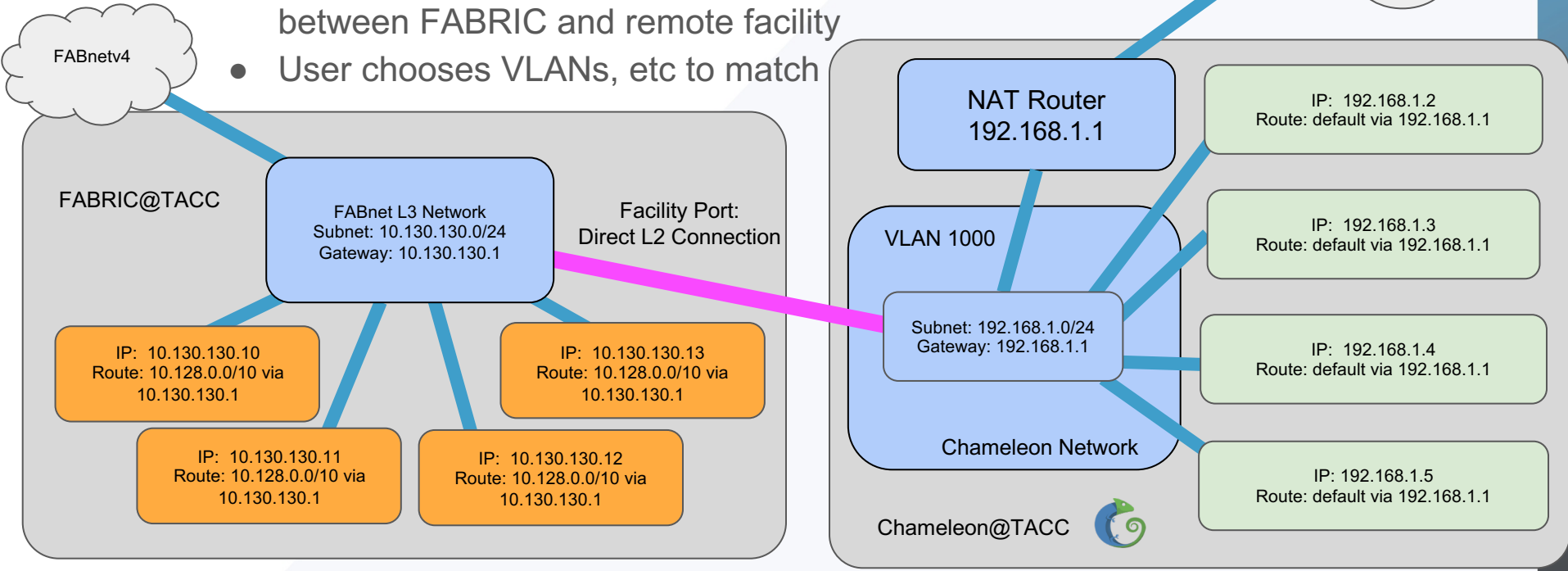


# FABRIC Experiments - Chameleon



# FABRIC: Chameleon Facility Ports

- Direct L2 Connection (VLAN) between FABRIC and remote facility
- User chooses VLANs, etc to match

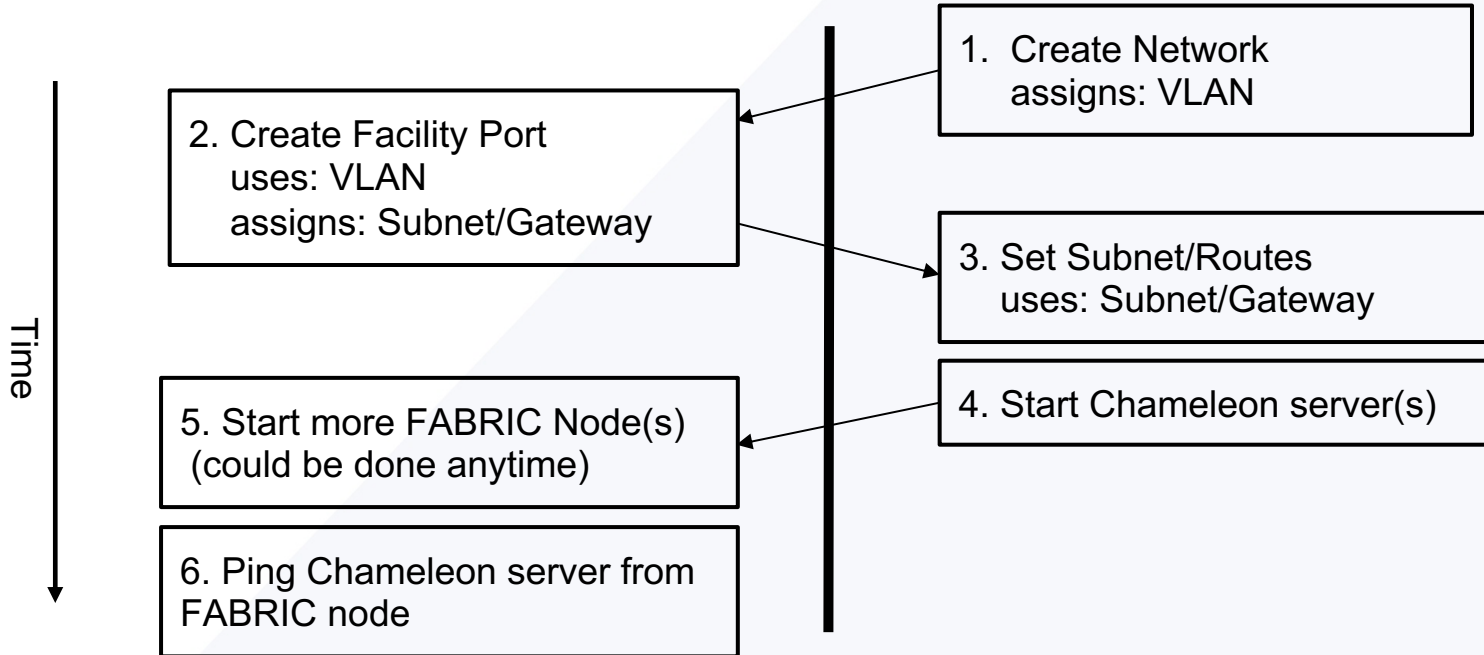


What do we do about the IPs/subnets/routes?

# FABRIC: Chameleon Facility Ports

FABRIC@TACC

Chameleon@TACC



What do we do about the IPs/subnets/routes?

# Access Public Cloud through the Internet2 AL2S Cloud Connect Service

Direct Connect > Virtual interfaces > DXVIF-FGYAYFN6

## DXVIF-FGYAYFN6

Actions ▾

Edit

Delete

### General configuration

Virtual interface ID

dxvif-fgyayfn6

State

✔ available

Amazon side ASN

65011

AWS logical device

EqSV5-2ymbeukm4it4k

Virtual interface name

FABRIC-T1-3

Direct Connect gateway

0e8d0004-3be3-4e8b-a873-12dc8f18facc

Connection ID

dxcon-fhd7o25a

MTU

8500

AWS account

296256999979

VLAN

102

Location

Equinix SV5, San Jose, CA

Jumbo frame capable

true

Virtual interface type

transit

Region

us-west-1

SiteLink enabled

false

Peerings

Monitoring

Tags

Test history

### Peerings (1)

Delete

Add peering

ID	N...	BGP ASN	BGP authentication key	Your router pe...	Amazon router pe...	AWS logical device	State	BGP status
dxpeer-fh6z...	ipv4	55038	cc03e747a6afbbcbf8be7668acf...	192.168.2.1/24	192.168.2.2/24	EqSV5-2zii6z987k...	✔ avail...	✔ up



